

Policy Number	2.3.1
Approval Body	Board + Senate
Policy Officer	President + Vice-Chancellor
Adoption Date	September 2008

# 2.3.1 PROCEDURES FOR APPEALS TO THE SENATE

## **ENABLING POLICY**

- 2.3 Appeals to the Senate
- 2.1.5 Appeals Committee

#### A. APPEAL PROCEDURES

#### **Timelines**

An appeal of a suspension must be delivered to the University Secretary within two (2) weeks of the date of suspension except in extenuating circumstances in which case an extension may be granted at the discretion of the Senate.

#### **Appeal**

An appeal of a suspension to the Senate shall be commenced by a written notice to the University Secretary. The notice must include a full written statement including all material facts, the grounds for appeal, the desired remedy and a copy of all relevant materials.

Upon receipt of a written request for a hearing, the University Secretary will, within twenty-four (24) hours, provide copies of the material to the Chair of the Senate Appeals Committee.

#### President's Reply

The Chair of the Senate Appeals Committee will send a copy of the appellant's statement and accompanying documents to the President. The President may submit a written reply and support documentation to the University Secretary within two (2) weeks of receipt of the notice from the Chair, or such longer period as may be determined by the Chair.

# **Appellant's Reply**

Upon receipt of the President's reply, if any, a copy shall be forwarded to the appellant who may submit a reply within one (1) week of the date of receipt of the President's reply or such longer period as may be determined by the Senate Appeals Committee.

#### Hearing

The Chair of the Senate Appeals Committee will convene the Appeals Tribunal within two (2) weeks, or as soon as practical, after the filing of the appellant's reply, if any.

The Senate Appeals Tribunal, in camera, may consider and determine an appeal on the basis of written submissions alone or may, at its discretion, hold a hearing.

If an oral hearing is directed by the Senate Appeals Tribunal, the parties may make oral submissions in addition to the written submission. Generally, each party will be provided with one half (1/2) hour for submissions and the appellant with ten (10) minutes for reply. All parties to an appeal may be represented by legal counsel or other advisors.

#### Delivery

The Senate Appeals Tribunal has the authority to uphold or set aside, in whole or in part, the decision of the President and to impose any terms and conditions that the committee deems appropriate.

The Senate Appeals Tribunal's decision shall be communicated in writing to the parties as soon as possible and normally within twenty-eight (28) days of the date of close of submissions or the hearing, if applicable.

For the purpose of this procedure, a document is deemed to have been received when it has been delivered personally to the persons concerned or within five (5) days of it being mailed to the residential address of that person as designated in the University's records.

## Withdrawal

The appellant may withdraw an appeal at any time during the appeal process, in which case the Senate Appeals Tribunal shall formally dismiss the appeal and give notice of that in writing to the appellant and the President.

#### B. APPEAL TRIBUNAL MEMBERSHIP

The Senate Appeals Committee Terms of Reference (Policy 2.1.5) outlines the membership of the Appeals Tribunal.

## C. HEARING PROCEDURES

The appeal hearing will be closed to the public, and held in a location to be determined by the Senate Appeals Tribunal.

If during the course of the appeal hearing it becomes apparent that further information is required, the Chair may adjourn the meeting in order to obtain such additional information.

# Decision

The Senate Appeals Tribunal will provide the parties with a written decision after hearing the recommendation from the Appeal Tribunal membership.

## **Time Lmits**

Where any time limits are established by this procedure with respect to the hearing of an appeal, the Chair of the Senate Appeals Committee may extend those time limits if the failure to comply is beyond the control of the persons seeking the extension, or the members of the Senate, or whether it is otherwise necessary having regard to the interest of the parties.